Series Circuits

$$I = V/R$$

Rt = R1 + R2 + R3

1) To solve for the total resistance, mathematically, you need to:

2) (MC) Which is the same everywhere in series circuits?

A)	Vo	ltage
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B) Current

C) Resistance

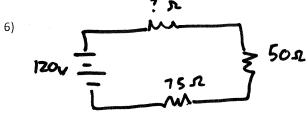
3) If you unplug one bulb from a 3 bulb series circuit, the other 2 bulbs will $\,$

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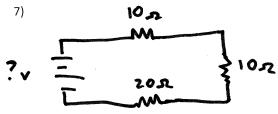
4) The number of paths electricity can take in a series circuit is ______.



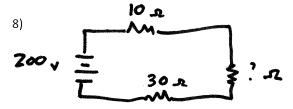
	Voltage (Volts)	Current (Amps)	Resistance (ohms)
R1			10
R2			15
R3			20
Total	10		



	Voltage (Volts)	Current (Amps)	Resistance (ohms)
R1		0.8	
R2		0.8	50
R3		0.8	75
Total	120	0.8	150



	Voltage (Volts)	Current (Amps)	Resistance (ohms)
R1		2.5	10
R2		2.5	10
R3		2.5	20
Total		2.5	



	Voltage (Volts)	Current (Amps)	Resistance (ohms)
R1		2.67	10
R2		2.67	
R3		2.67	30
Total	200	2.67	75